

Nanocomposite Materials for the Electronics Components Industry

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Nanotechnology definitions



The term "nanotechnology" is used to describe materials, devices, or structures with feature sizes less than 100 nm

For composite materials, properties can deviate from simple rules of mixing when phase domains are less than 1 micron

At less than 100 nm, significant interfacial effects are observed

At less than 10 nm, atomic or quantum effects are observed

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The evolution of nanocomposites





Commercial sources of nanomaterials



- WR Grace (from DuPont)
- PQ Corporation
- Nissan Chemical

Fumed oxides, carbons

- Degussa
- Cabot
- Columbian Chemical
- Organoclays
 - Nanocor
 - Rheox
 - Southern Clay Products

- Nanoparticle oxides and metals
 - Nanophase
 - NanoProducts
 - nTech
- POSS and related compounds
 - Hybrid Plastics
- **Quantum Dots**
 - Quantum Dot Corp
 - Evident Technologies
 - Nanosys

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Electronics Market and Technology Trends



Electronics market trends

- Device miniaturization
- Increased levels of integration
- Operation in harsh conditions
- Quality and reliability
- Environmental concerns
- Cost reduction

Technology trends

- <u>Nanotechnology</u>
- Environmentally friendly manufacturing
- New materials
- Computer assisted design





<u> </u>	Surface Mount Devices
C	Resistors
•	Inductors
•	Capacitors
•	PLEDs
•	Diodes
•	Varistors

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Interconnect Technology *tyce* / Electronics Focus

Reduce: Cost / Size / Distortion **Increase:** Density / Function / Customer Satisfaction



Interconnect must have minimal impact on the end product

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Nanocomposite materials *tyco*/Electronics in electronics

Current Products: Nanomaterials in resettable fuses

- Carbon-polymer nanocomposite
- Sold under the trade name Polyswitch[™]
- 2 billion devices per year
- Current Research: Organoclay-polymer composites
 - Highly oriented nanocomposites
 - Unique barrier properties
 - Potential applications in wire insulation, tubing, connectors, and packaging

Future Directions: Nanomaterials development areas

- Micro- and Nanocircuitry
- Embedded identification

Carbon-polymer nanocomposites





Resettable fuse technology



UNDER NORMAL OPERATION



- At the operating current
- Many conductive paths
- Very low resistance

UNDER A FAULT CONDITION



- Excessive current causes device to heat
- Fewer conductive paths
- High resistance
- Cools down and resets
 when fault removed

heats up

cools down



Applications for resettable fuses



Lithium Cells & Battery Packs



Automotive Wire Harnesses



Computer PC Cards



Network Equipment



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Organoclay-polymer nanocomposites





Primary particle size = 10 nm thick x 1000 nm wide

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Processing of organoclay type / Electronics nanocomposites



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Reduced water vapor permeability



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Organoclay-polymer nanocomposites



Property improvements

- Higher stiffness
- High elongation
- Increased heat deflection temperature
- Reduced vapor permeability
- Improved flammability resistance

□ Applications

- Plastic housings for automotive and mass transit
- Heat shrinkable tubing
- Wire and cable insulation

Micro- and Nanocircuitry







□ Microcircuitry

- Inkjet printing
- Microdispensing
- Nanomaterials needed to support fine feature size

□ Nanocircuitry

- Dip-pen nanolithography
- Nanotubes and nanowires

Applications

- Portable electronics
- Active matrix displays
- Sensors

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Nanoparticles for embedded identification





Image of NanobarcodesTM from Nanoplex Technologies



- Nanoscale luminescent materials such as nanobarcodes or quantum dots can be incorporated into plastics or inks
- Applications
 - Lot traceability
 - Secondary identification
 - Product tracking
 - IP and counterfeit protection

Image of a NanobarcodeTM embedded in silicone

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Nanomaterials in Electronics Components



- Nanomaterials have been used for many centuries in a wide variety of applications
- The electronics components industry currently employs nanomaterials in many products
- Nanomaterials are ideally suited to provide solutions for the continuing demands for smaller, more robust, and cost effective solutions
- Combining nanomaterials with advanced processing and fabrication techniques will open doors to new smaller, smarter, higher performing products



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